

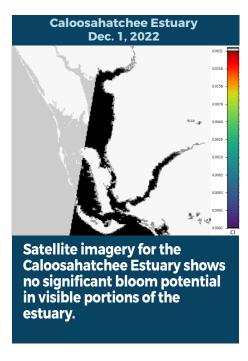
BLUE-GREEN ALGAL BLOOM WEEKLY UPDATE

REPORTING NOV. 22 - DEC. 1, 2022

Satellite imagery provided by NOAA - Images are impacted by cloud cover.

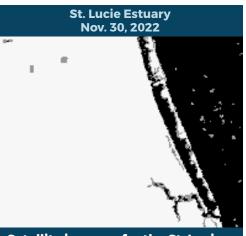
A value of 0.004 is nominally equivalent to approximately 20-30 ug/L chlorophyll a of cyanobacteria, and 0.06 would be in the 300-500 ug/L chlorophyll a range.

Please keep in mind that bloom potential is subject to change due to rapidly changing environmental conditions or satellite inconsistencies (i.e., wind, rain, temperature or stage).

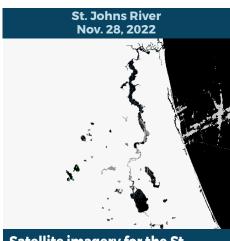


Lake Okeechobee Dec. 1, 2022 Satellite imagery for Lake

Satellite imagery for Lake Okeechobee shows no bloom potential.



Satellite imagery for the St. Lucie Estuary shows no significant bloom potential in visible portions of the estuary.



Satellite imagery for the St. Johns River shows scattered low bloom potential on visible portions of Lake George and the mainstem of the river downstream of Lake George.

SUMMARY

There were 12 reported site visits in the past 10 days with 12 samples collected. Algal bloom conditions were observed by samplers at seven of the sites.

On 11/28-12/1, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) staff performed 10 harmful algal bloom (HAB) response site visits. Dominant algal taxa and cyanotoxin results follow each waterbody name.

- Lake Marian Boat Ramp: No dominant algal taxon, trace level (3.2 parts per billion [ppb]) microcystins detected.
- Moody Lake SE: Microcystis aeruginosa, trace level (0.44 ppb) microcystins detected.
- Lake Whistler At Dock: Microcystis aeruginosa, trace level (0.20 ppb) microcystins detected.
- Sawgrass Lake From CWC Dock: Microcystis aeruginosa, trace level (0.59 ppb) microcystins detected.
- Georges Lake Center: Microcystis aeruginosa, trace level (1.9 ppb) microcystins detected.
- Coral Gables Canal East side: Microcystis aeruginosa, trace level (0.12 ppb) microcystins detected.
- Lake Estelle Dorchester and Mills: Results pending.
- Lake Howell NW Shore: Results pending.
- Deep Lake N Shore: Results pending.
- Lake Mann McQueen Park: Results pending.

On 11/29-12/1, St. Johns River Water Management District staff performed two HAB response site visits.

- Lake Monroe Center: No dominant algal taxon, no cyanotoxins detected.
- Lake Jesup Center: Results pending.

Last Week

On 11/21, DEP staff performed one site visit at Lake Pickett - SE Corner. There was no dominant algal taxon and no cyanotoxins were detected.

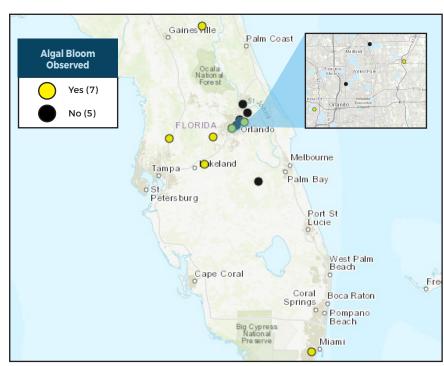
Results for completed analyses are available at FloridaDEP.gov/AlgalBloom.

This is a high-level summary of the sampling events for the reported week. For all field visit and analytical result details, please refer to the complete algal bloom map with data table by clicking the "Field and Lab Details" Quick Link from the Algal Bloom Dashboard. Different types of blue-green algal bloom species can look different and have different impacts. However, regardless of species, many types of blue-green algae can produce toxins that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possibly cause skin and/or eye irritation due to contact. We advise staying out of water where algae is visibly present as specks or mats or where water is discolored pea-green, blue-green or brownish-red. Additionally, pets or livestock should not come into contact with algal bloom-impacted water or with algal bloom material or fish on the shoreline.

LAKE OKEECHOBEE OUTFLOWS

As of Dec. 1 West (S-79) 1200 cfs Pulse 0 cfs Atlantic Ocear *Updates are generally made on Fridays. Total Inflows and Outflows (cfs) Weekly Inflow 34,568 West 2915 Weekly Outflow 0 158 South

SITE VISITS FOR BLUE-GREEN ALGAE



SIGN-UP FOR UPDATES

To receive personalized email notifications about blue-green algae and red tide, visit



ProtectingFloridaTogether.gov.

REPORT PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUES HUMAN ILLNESS

Florida Poison Control Centers can be reached 24/7 at 800-222-1222

(DOH provides grant funding to the Florida Poison Control Centers)

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERNS

CONTACT DOH

(DOH county office)

Florida

FloridaHealth.gov/

all-county-locations.html

SALTWATER BLOOM

- Observe stranded wildlife or a fish kill.
- Information about red tide and other saltwater algal

blooms.

CONTACT FWC

800-636-0511 (fish kills) 888-404-3922 (wildlife Alert)

MyFWC.com/RedTide

REPORT ALGAL BLOOMS OOM FRESHWATER BLOOM

- Observe an algal bloom in
- Information about blue-

a lake or freshwater river.

